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Bistability of the climate around the habitable zone: a thermodynamic investigation

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Energy & Forcing – Perfect Model Control $\uparrow CO_2$ Stable CO2 Forcing τ **Aadiative Balance** Total warming 0 Time \checkmark NESS \rightarrow Transient \rightarrow NESS Applies to the whole climate and to to all climatic subdomain

for atmosphere τ is small, always quasi-equilibrated ²

Energy and GW – Actual GCMs



▲ Not only bias: bias control ≠ bias final state Bias depends on climate state! → Dissipation & Water



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Steady State – Meridional Transports



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Johnson's idea (2000)

▲ Partitioning the Domain (Eulerian approach)

$$\dot{P}(\Omega) + W = \int_{\Omega^+} dV \rho \dot{Q}^+ + \int_{\Omega^-} dV \rho \dot{Q}^- = \dot{\Phi}^+ + \dot{\Phi}^-$$

▲ Better than it seems!



Long-Term averages $\dot{E}(\Omega) = \dot{P}(\Omega) = \dot{K}(\Omega) = 0$ ▲ Stationarity: $\checkmark Work = Dissipation \qquad -\dot{K}(\Omega) + \overline{W} = \overline{W} = \overline{D} > 0$ $\bigstar Work = Input-Output \quad \overline{\dot{P}(\Omega)} + \overline{W} = \overline{W} = \overline{\dot{\Phi}^{+}} + \dot{\Phi}^{-} > 0$ ▲ A different view on Lorenz Energy cycle $\dot{\Phi}^{+} + \dot{\Phi}^{-} = \overline{W} = \overline{D} > 0$ differential heating conversion dissipation C(A,K)D(K)G(A) $\overline{W} = \frac{\dot{\Phi}^{+} + \dot{\Phi}^{-}}{\overline{\dot{x}} + \overline{\dot{\Phi}}^{+}} = \frac{\Theta^{+} - \Theta^{-}}{\Theta^{+}} \overline{\dot{\Phi}}^{+} = \eta$





Snowball Hysteresis

▲ Swing of S* by ±10% starting from present climate ▲ → hysteresis experiment!

 \checkmark Global average surface temperature T_S

▲ Wide (~ 10%) range of S^* bistable regime $-\Delta T_S \sim 50 \text{ K}$ ▲ d T_S /d $S_* > 0$ everywhere, almost linear

L., Lunkeit, Fraedrich, 2010



Thermodynamic Efficiency

d η/d S* >0 in SB regime
Effect of decreased static stability
d η/d S* <0 in W regime
System thermalized by efficient LH fluxes

 $\wedge \eta$ decreases at transitions \rightarrow System more stable





Let's alter also [CO₂] ▲ Parametric Analysis of Climate Change ▲ Structural Properties of the system (Boschi, al. 2013)

Lower Manifold



Upper Manifo





Parametrizations

▲ *Efficiency vs Emission Temperature*





Parametrizations

▲ *Heat Transport vs Emission Temperature*





Shorter year - Phase Transition



 Width bistability vs length year (L. et al. 2013)
Fast orbiting planets cannot be in Snowball Earth Habitability









Conclusions

Unifying picture connecting Energy cycle to EP;
Simplified 2D formula for studying GCMs
Snowball hysteresis experiment
Mechanisms involved in climate transitions;
Analysis of the impact of [CO₂] increase
Generalized set of climate sensitivities
Analysis of impact of change on l.o.y.

▲ Many challenges ahead:

Analysis of GCMs performance
Melancholia/Edge States
Multiscale, coarse graining effects



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